

McIntyre & Company

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"Your Hardware Merchants"

NEW MONARCH



KING OF EGYPT

Egypt to crown new Monarch, Farouk, 18 years old on July 29th. Will be installed on Birthday as head of Ancient Kingdom; Independent King.

The following is the average rainfall as given by the—

SEARLE RAINFALL INDICATOR READING JULY 28th, CHAMPION	
Long Time Average,	9.00
Last Year,	4.07
This year,	5.74

A Green Oasis in a Desert

The Eastern Irrigation District, it is calculated, is capable of supporting a population of fifteen hundred settlers. At present every available good farm is occupied. The droughts of the past few years have driven hundreds from the dry land areas in south-eastern Alberta and as many as possible of these people have been accommodated on irrigated farms. In past years the government encouraged and aided these dried-out farmers to move northward. The recent trend has been to the Eastern Irrigation block. The transition is not such an uprooting process and the possibilities of making good much better.

When the southern prairies were seared with drought during the past two years, the Eastern Irrigation District has provided a striking contrast, a green cool oasis in a vast burned-up area; a region where farmers produced splendid crops with the aid of water; where homes were being built, merchants doing excellent business and huge sales of lumber and building material effected. While farmers elsewhere were worried sick over a scarcity of feed, irrigated farmers had an overabundance. Vast quantities of vegetables and fruits were produced on the irrigated lands, elevators were filled with grain, and prosperity and contentment abounded.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT

By H. G. L. STRANGE,
Searle Grain Company, Limited

The drought continues. So there on high. The hills are parched, the streams are dry. The drought consumes us. Still I strive. And will not leave while I survive.

—Chinese poem about 600 B.C.
from the Shi King Collection of Confucius.

Devastating droughts, as we can perceive from this ancient Chinese classic, is no new thing. Steadfast striving against the difficulties of drought, too, it seems, is not new, for it has been the common lot in all ages with those who till the furrowed face of the land.

For six, in some places eight, long dry dreary years, the farmers of southern Saskatchewan have demonstrated to the world their determination to survive. Each spring, with gradually diminishing resources, these courageous people, in keeping with the classic epic as shown in the Chinese classical poem, have seeded and cultivated the land with faith and hope.

Unfortunately to survive in farming requires more than faith and hope. Material resources which cost money are vital necessities too.

In the dry area many have now come to the end of their material resources. Let us hope that these splendid farmers—these courageous Canadian citizens—may be saved not only for Western Canada, but for Saskatchewan itself, by being re-established somehow among fellow farmers in known good rainfall areas of the Province.

"The desert shall rejoice, and blossom as the rose." (Isaiah 35:1)

Comforting at this time are these words from the Book of Isaiah, and they are reassuring too.

Some are telling us that a large part of the West is now a desert, and will never grow good crops again. These good people, I believe, are mistaken for the history of our Prairies, it seems, reveals clearly that years of drought are, in the end, succeeded by years of good rainfall, and that on the average, over a long time, sufficient rain falls to produce profitable wheat crops, at least on 20 million of the 30 million acres now in wheat on the Prairies.

It is true, of course, that periods of drought arrive. To tide over these we must try to conserve our resources in the wet years.

There are, however, 4 million acres on our Southern Prairies where, in sufficient rain falls, on the average, to produce wheat profitably. This area, however, even in the driest year would grow grass that in turn could produce cattle and sheep profitably. Presently then, and provided the land is put to a proper use, we may be certain, as we are assured by the Book of Isaiah, that once again "The desert will rejoice, and blossom as the rose."

J. H. Bastin was a Lethbridge visitor to r recently and also spent a week end in Calgary.

LOCALS

Don Campbell was a Sunday visitor in Waterton.

Mr. M. R. Leonard and J. B. Ross of Carmangay were business visitors in Champion Tuesday.

Linda Cemelini's name was omitted from the promotion list in last week's issue. Her average was 60.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Voisey, Leonard and J. Miller (two week end visitors at Waterton National Park).

Miss Helen Collins has accepted the position as teacher at Warner, and will handle the intermediate grades.

Miss Ada Williamson will report for duty at the Royal Jubilee hospital in Victoria on the sixteenth of August.

Mavis Moffatt of Lethbridge is spending a short holiday in this district, visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Irl Ditto.

Mrs. M. C. Crossley of Chicago, sister of Ken. Oatts is in Red Deer attending the Stampede where Ken is riding in the races.

Miss Eva Lutfi left this week for Staveland where she will visit for a few weeks at the home of Mrs. Bouzian.

Miss Augusta McNaughton is spending a short holiday in Spokane, guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith.

Hank Bester and Pete Walsheim who have spent the past year at Wells, B. C., in the mining camps there, returned to Champion Saturday and will remain here for the harvest.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Heal of Calgary were week end visitors at Waterton National Park, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ryan of Warner.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Clapp and Elva who have been holidaying in B. C., returned home Monday. They visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Frame of Kimberley while en route to Creston.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Jopling and Miss Ruth, Mrs. Ed. Lutfi, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Clever and Miss Loretta returned Sunday from a week's holiday at Waterton National Park.

Morning Prayer for the Carmangay—Champion members of the Anglican Communion will be held in Champion Community Hall, Lethbridge, Sat. Aug. at 11 a. m.

Mrs. J. M. Moffatt was a very successful competitor in various events throughout the province. Mrs. W. H. McKee was also successful in winning several prizes, with exhibits shown at the recent fair in Lethbridge.

Dr. and Mrs. E. H. Freeze left Monday on holidays which will include Missoula and Yellowstone. During Dr. Freeze's absence Dr. Dimock will have charge of his practice, being in Champion Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Golfing has been at a standstill in Champion due to the woody condition of the course. As the course also serves as a pasture, mowing is out of the question and in consequence golfers have been forced to look elsewhere for a game.

Jim Ashmore has taken over the new Smith coal mine.

CHAMPION THEATRE

Saturday, July 31st, 1937

Will Rogers IN "DR. BULL"

HERE IS ONE OF THE FINEST PICTURES THIS
WONDERFUL MAN EVER MADE.

One Showing only at 8:30

COMING The PLAINSMAN

SASKATOON PICKERS FIND LUSCIOUS BERRIES

Several hundreds of quarts of Saskatoons have been found this week due to the efforts of many enthusiastic pickers. Although returning from the task tired and weary, the pickers have all enjoyed the trip and in all cases have been well rewarded for their efforts.

The hills west of Parkland have been the choice berry picking spot this year and last week anywhere from fifteen to twenty cars were there daily, everyone eager for their share of the fruit.

The trip from Champion to Parkland is indeed enjoyable this year as one encounters some lovely crops. The farmers in the Clear Lake Municipality have suffered little from pests and seem to have been favored with what moisture was needed as the fields are green and heads large and well filled. The range lands west of Parkland are green and the cattle grazing in numbers on the hillides are in splendid condition.

The air proved invigorating and it was with regret that after pails, baskets and other containers were filled with the succulent fruit, the pickers left the spot and returned home.

McLeod and vicinity has also had its share of pickers from this district, with the Bar U producing its annual share.

Choke cherries will be the next crop to induce the pickers and several are patiently awaiting the time when they will be ripe. Choke cherry trees encountered during the hunt for Saskatoons were well laden with fruit.

Hugh Golder and Gordon Berger had a slight accident Saturday while riding a motorcycle to Calgary. The machine struck a rut and overturned, throwing both boys several feet. Mr. Golder injured an ankle severely and was taken to Carmangay for medical treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack McLeod of Bowfell spent two days last week at Waterton National Park and while there enjoyed a visit with several Champinians holidaying there. Mr. McLeod, who for several years has been manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Bowfell has been transferred to Mundare and following his holiday will make the move. A. M. Watt now of Wayne will relieve Mr. McLeod at Bowfell. Both the above families were former Champion residents and are well known here.

OBITUARY

W. P. Teskey, a former citizen of Carmangay died at his home in Los Angeles on Sunday, July 18th, from the effects of a stroke.

Mr. Teskey was a hardware merchant here and also one of the mayors of the town. About ten years ago he sold out to A. B. Webster and went to California to live.

He is survived by his son Hugh, school teacher at Taber, and a daughter, Alva, living in Los Angeles. A brother Joseph is living east of town, and a sister, Mrs. Foster in Ontario.

Congratulations Carmangay

At a meeting of the Carmangay Stampede Organization held Monday night, a statement of this year's stand-alone was read to the meeting, showing that the total receipts for this year's stand-alone was \$1301.95, with expenditures of \$1106.00, leaving a surplus of \$255.00 for the hospital fund.

The stand-alone was conceded the best that the district has had to enjoy, showing a substantial increase in entries and co-operation. The management are to be congratulated in promoting a stampede of the caliber given this year.

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lamont returned last week from a three weeks holiday spent in points south, while in Colorado they visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harris of Grand Junction, who were Champion visitors last year.

Hugh Golder and Gordon Berger had a slight accident Saturday while riding a motorcycle to Calgary. The machine struck a rut and overturned, throwing both boys several feet. Mr. Golder injured an ankle severely and was taken to Carmangay for medical treatment.

VULCAN FLOUR MILL

VULCAN, ALBERTA

We have been serving the community for the past twelve years, and there is no doubt that we have made a big saving to the community on their flour and feed supply, by bringing your own wheat to the mill and trading it for flour.

The Vulcan Flour Mill is one of the most up-to-date mills, and noted for its cleanliness which means, that your product is handled in the most careful manner.

Our trade has been growing year after year because the people realize how easy it is for them to come to the mill with their wheat, and put up their supply of flour. And we offer further accommodation to people who have no storage at home, we store your flour free of charge until it is used up, and you have the privilege of taking it out as needed.

We trade 100 pounds of flour for 3 bushels of good wheat, with no cash outlay, or you can pay for grinding and take home flour and feed, or store it at the mill.

Take no chances, be sure to have your flour supply put up for the coming year.

VULCAN FLOUR MILL

VULCAN, ALBERTA

Champion Cons. S. D. No.40

NOTICE

1 Applicants of drivers for School Van Service, will be received by the Secretary, on or before noon, Aug. 10, 1937.

2 Tenders will be received by the Secretary, on or before noon, August 10th 1937, for 100 tons (more or less) of double-screened lump coal, delivered at the schools as required by the Board BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Water Transportation In North

Two Modern Vessels Now Plow Waters On Mackenzie River

Marking a new era in water transportation to the Canadian Arctic, the flagship "Radiant King" of the Northern Transportation's Mackenzie River fleet, started on her maiden voyage to Fort Norman.

Of welded steel, nearly 100 feet long, with powerful Diesel engines, refrigeration chambers to carry meat, fresh vegetables and milk, electric light and steam heat, the "Radiant King" is the most modern ship ever to ply the waters of the far north. She made her trial trip on Dominion Day after elaborate launching ceremonies. For the event, Hon. J. C. Bowen, lieutenant-governor of Alberta, went north by seaplane with A. "Matt" Berry, famed Arctic flier, who has left the air routes to become general manager of Northern Transportation. Gilbert Laflin, discoverer of the radium deposits on Great Bear Lake and president of Eldorado, flew in from the mine and mining officials, prospectors, traders, trappers and Indians from long distances around, assembled for the event.

Built originally at Sorel, Quebec, the Radium King and the sister ship, the Radium Queen, are being towed to Watways, Alberta, by Canadian National Railways, allied in sections and travelling on an entire train of flat cars. With the ships came a corps of skilled French-Canadian shipbuilders and welders from Sorel. The Watways they are coming to, the Radium Queen and, on Convention Day, the first ship had her first trial trip.

On the ice moved out, the Radium Queen with a barge securely lashed alongside carrying the Radium King, headed down the swift and twisting channels of the Athabasca to Fort Fitzgerald. There, the sections of the vessels were portaged overland for 16 miles by tractor train to the shipyards at Fort Smith. The Sorel crew built the Radium King a second time, thousands of miles from the shipyard where her keel was laid.

A Lesson For Motorists

Traffic Engineer Travelled 17,000 Miles Without Once Using Horn

Oscar Gunnerson, Chicago traffic engineer, recently reported he had completed a 17,000-mile trip without once using his horn. He said: "That is proof that continual honking in city traffic is unnecessary to any driver obeying traffic laws."

Engineering training probably developed in this man a capacity for deciding promptly in an emergency. During that 17,000-mile trip he did not have blasted his horn if he had been necessary to save human life or to avoid peril to himself. But he did not meet these emergencies probably because he did not dodge out of the line of traffic and sprint ahead in an attempt to gain a rod or two. He didn't cross the centre line and race up hill taking a chance that he might not meet traffic. He did not whirl around a corner and trust to luck not to hit a pedestrian crossing with the green light.

In general, this engineer, skilled in traffic safety, kept his car under control, observed sensible regulations, and regarded for the rights of others and had no need of a horn-hot to get away through a 17,000-mile trip. Probably he took no precautions that might not reasonably be expected of any motorist.—Detroit News.

Electricity In The Sudan

Small Shock Given By Nearly Everything You Touch

Going to bed in the Sudan is apt to be exciting, if the stories of blankets electrically charged by the climate are accepted as evidence. Khartoum appears always to have had a sort of "cracking" reputation. Hair and skin clothing have been liable to respond to the touch with the crackling indications of discharging static electricity. Now it seems that blankets have taken to storing up electricity to the confusion of those who would go quietly to bed.

The phenomenon has been given official recognition, and one manifestation of it has been recorded in the May issue of the Meteorological Magazine. William D. Flower, of the Meteorological Service stationed at Khartoum, writes in that journal as follows:

"On the evening of March 6, 1937, a bed had been made up on an airy room (five beds made up on a wood framework) at about 6 p.m., just about sunset, and when the outside blanket was approached soon after 10 p.m. a spark, which appeared to be at least half an inch long, was observed to pass between it and my hand. The spark was not very strong, was experienced at the tip of the nasal organ. In the case of the adjoining bed smaller sparks were observed to pass between the blanket and finger-tips, such a tingling sensation was felt."

It is confessed that these conditions are normal at least during the winter months, and it is presumed that the electricity is caused by the friction of sand particles against each other when they are driven by the wind.—London Times.

Divers Use Helium

May Assist In Bringing Up Valuable Treasure From Sunken Wrecks

The use by divers of helium, the non-inflammable gas employed in some airplanes, may be the means of bringing long-lost treasures of the sunken liner Lusitania to the surface of the Atlantic.

Two deep-sea divers at Milwaukee have been experimenting with the gas in the hope that inhalation of it will overcome "caisson bends"—crippling, sometimes fatal cramps caused by sudden changes of pressure while divers are rising from sea depths.

For almost an hour the divers, Mr. Max E. Nohl, of Milwaukee, and Captain John D. Craig, of Long Beach, California, who were intended to dive to the Lusitania next August, remained in a chamber under a pressure of 42 pounds to the square inch—equal to the pressure of 100 feet beneath the ocean's surface. Instead of the conventional breathing mixture of oxygen and nitrogen they used almost pure helium.

It was the first time that helium had been used by a human being under pressure, according to a doctor participating in the test.—Sunday Times.

Thousand Years Ago

It is still considered something of a novelty to transport food by air. But the first air shipment of a novelty was made in the thirteenth century. The Caliph of Cairo carved a dish of the luscious cherries that grew in an orchard about 400 miles away. So 600 carrier pigeons were pressed into service, a small silk bag containing a single cherry being tied to each leg of each bird.

Lancers Perform In Fancy Dress



Taken during a rehearsal for the Aldershot Horse Show, this picture shows members of the 10th Lancers guiding their horses over six young men who were the judges. Just as the horses and expressions the sextette find the situation anything but comfortable.

THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS FLAVOR



Just A Simple Matter

Doctor Claims He Can Actually Cut Out Your Worrying

"Cut out your worrying" is now something more than philosophic counsel of perfection or psychological advice, according to Dr. Walter Freeman of Washington, D.C. It is a simple matter of permitting a competent surgeon to operate on your imagination.

Your worrying proclivities can be exercised as easily as your vermiform appendix or your tonsils. Dr. Freeman recently told the American Medical Association that he had tried it out on 21 patients, of whom 20 had survived the experience. Its benevolent effect is shown by the fact that one man who underwent the operation three hours later sat up in bed and demanded a whole chicken for his dinner. A woman, within a week of submitting to this scientific magic, attended the theatre and enjoyed the show without worry for the first time in years. She was not even disturbed by the fact that her back might be less than it was arranged to had she desired.

The surgeon bore two small holes in the patient's skull, inserted long tubes, rotated them and removed a dozen small spheres of white tissue. By that process, Dr. Freeman claims, the limiting area of the brain is thus reduced in size, and what is left is no longer distressingly excited by over-stimulation. It seems to be a big idea. Chicago Daily News.

To Protect Children

Great Britain Investigates Methods Of Adoption Societies And Agencies

Recommendations aimed at tightening control over the adoption of children in Great Britain were made recently by the majority of a home office committee appointed to study the methods of adoption societies and agencies.

After reviewing several cases of indiscriminate trafficking of children the committee suggested: Adoption organizations should be licensed by local borough or county councils.

They should be forbidden to arrange adoptions abroad by any foreigner, or to let a British subject take a child abroad until a magistrate has granted, in open court, a license permitting it.

They should insist that all adopters apply to court for confirmation of the adoption after a probationary period.

Private arrangers of adoptions, parents and the adopters themselves should not be allowed to receive payment without court permission, and all advertising by unlicensed agencies should stop.

Mrs. Florence Horsburg, member of parliament, was chairman of the committee.

SELECTED RECIPES

TOMATO BUTTER

- 7 lbs. ripe tomatoes
 - 3 cups white sugar
 - 1 cup Yellow Brand Corn Syrup
 - 1/2 cup salt
 - 1/2 cup pickling spices (in bag)
 - 3 cups cider vinegar
 - 1/2 teaspoon red pepper
- Method: Seal and skin tomatoes and cut in pieces. Add remaining ingredients and boil gently for three hours. Seal in steril jars. Make five pints.

Soot Drifting

It is estimated that soil drifted from one acre to the depth of one inch is equivalent to the removal of approximately 400 pounds of nitrogen, 150 pounds of phosphorus, and 5,380 pounds of potash. This amount of phosphorus alone is approximately equal to that removed from the soil in the production of 485 bushels of wheat.

Prospective Governors—"I'm not interested in the position. I didn't realize you had thirteen children."

Mistress—"Don't tell me you are superstitious."

A peek of small metal objects can be electrocuted at once with a new machine.

"High tea" is a complete meal, served either in the afternoon or evening, at which tea is served.

Building Huge Memorial

Russian Engineers Laying Foundation For Great Palace Of Soviets

After nearly five years of delay, Soviet engineers have started laying the concrete foundation for the great palace of the Soviets, projected as the world's biggest and highest building.

The palace as presently planned promises to be as bizarre a memorial to the Bolshevik revolution as Ivan the Terrible's unique monument to himself in Red Square—the famous St. Basil's Cathedral. The building Soviet newspapers point out will serve as a pedestal for a 325-foot statue of Lenin, shown with his right hand pointing forward in oratorical pose.

(The Empire State Building, Fifth Avenue at Thirty-fourth street, New York, is 1,250 feet high.)

The material for the statue proper has not yet been chosen, but it likely will be of non-rusting steel. In some quarters it is suggested that the great building and monument may be finished within five years, but others believe it will take more than twice that time.

Many Bolsheviks believe and secretly hope that the building as presently planned may be completed, because they consider it grotesque and ill-fitted to Soviet architecture and the nation's needs.

The projected building consists of three receding cylindrical parts, the upper cylinder serving as the gigantic pedestal for the statue, which Soviet newspapers point out will be visible from below only about ninety days of the year because of the low-hanging clouds over the city.

The main room of the building will be a grand hall seating 20,000 persons, designed for sessions of the Soviet Congress. This body previously has met in the great white palace of the Kremlin, where the Russians used to crown their czars.

Plans include dropping the chairs of this room below the floor for conversion of the room into a stage or stadium for sports contests. Another hall will accommodate 5,775 persons. Other space is to be used for smaller meeting rooms, offices and spaces for exhibits.

Tremendous engineering difficulties already have been encountered in construction of the foundation. The building is being built on the left bank of the Moscow River at some distance from the Kremlin on the site formerly occupied by the great Czarist Church of the Redeemer. Excavation already has weakened the foundations of the Kremlin, necessitating its being moved down the river. Water also seeped into the workings, stopping construction while plans were made.

The decision to resume construction follows sending of a large technical staff to the Soviet States last year to work out engineering problems with American consultants.

A Strange New Mineral

Can Be Used In Various Ways And Is Very Cheap

One of the newest and strangest minerals in the world is vermiculite, found chiefly in a mountain in Montana, U.S.A. It combines the qualities of many other minerals and is a high-grade insulator which can be used equally well for electrical and for heat insulation.

If exposed to warmth it expands to about 27 times its original volume and becomes a lovely golden color. It is a very light and tough and because of its cheapness and similarity to cork might replace that material. It also expands in the afternoon and degree and can be used with safety in the construction of furnaces which would melt most metals.—Montreal Star.

Nearly 17,000,000 tons of shipping are handled annually by the principal ports of the Rhine river.

Passenger sea sleds are to ply the Moscow-Volgsk Canal in Russia.

BLACKHEADS

Blackheads go quickly by a simple method but just dusting the face with two ounces of peroxide powder from your drugist, rub this with a hot wet cloth and you will wonder where they have gone. Have a Hollywood complexion.

DIXIE Plug-
the thrifty man's
tobacco-is now
cellophane-wrapped
with the easy-opening
ribbon. It stays
factory-fresh and
lasts longer.



PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

Rehabilitation Versus Relief

What Western Canada needs most to-day is employment for the large army of jobless congregated in the cities and towns and scattered throughout the rural districts, and some well-defined and ambitious plan of insurance against a repetition of continued drought conditions, or at least some scheme which will mitigate the effects of future periods of inadequate moisture.

These two great needs should, if possible, be hooked up together through a program of public works designed both to alleviate the present unemployment scourge and at least reduce to a minimum tremendous crop failures which may, and probably will be occasioned by drought cycles in the future.

That drought will again take toll of the products of the farm in the future, distant or not so distant, there can be no doubt, for history has demonstrated without peradventure that cycles of dry years inevitably follow long periods of abundant moisture and there should be no feeling of false security on the part of the residents of those sections which are this year enjoying the benefits of copious rains.

With many of its districts hard hit over a period of unprecedented length, Saskatchewan is bearing the brunt of the shock this year with a crop failure of record proportions, and part of Alberta is again feeling the weight of drought. Manitoba has escaped devastation from lack of moisture but there is no guarantee that the most easterly of the prairie provinces, along with the other two, will escape another drought decade next year or at some future time.

Some palliative may be adopted in the form of changed cultural methods which may have some effect in ameliorating the effects of drought, but even these will not avail in the face of continued dry weather over a long period of time, and the possibility of such contingency in the future must be faced and, if possible, coped with.

Unless some project which will ensure sufficient moisture to guarantee a reasonable amount of grain and fodder crops can be devised and put into operation for use in a season of shortage, the future of agriculture on the prairies is by no means assured.

While the construction of dams on small streams and dugouts on individual farms designed to conserve water has some value in some seasons, they are of little use if there is no precipitation to feed them and under those conditions such schemes are merely nibbling at the problem.

What is needed is some wide-embracing project, which may, it is true, cost a lot of money, but which will provide sufficient water for irrigation on a large scale. Enormous quantities of water flow down the slopes of the Rocky Mountains when the snows melt and escape to the sea in addition to the large amount which is lost through evaporation at a season when such moisture would be a valuable aid to agriculture on the prairies. Thought should be given to the engineering and economic feasibility of capturing and impounding as much as is feasible of this lost water so that it may be turned to the use of the prairie.

If some such scheme is found feasible the question of cost should not be allowed to stand in the way, even if it costs hundreds of millions of dollars. The loss of one single crop in Saskatchewan alone is equivalent to the disappearance of \$300,000,000 and all that that implies, to say nothing of the resultant expenditure for relief, amounting to many more millions for which, under the direct relief system, there is no return.

But in addition to the dividends, which a feasible project of this nature might well be expected to yield in assured crops, a plan of this kind would also, during the construction period, provide a great deal of work for large numbers of unemployed, thus helping to solve the other great problem which still faces the peoples and governments of the country. The completion and operation of such a project, if of adequate proportions would ensure a reasonable measure of prosperity to such sections of the agricultural country as could be brought back to agriculture on the prairies. It would go a long way to lessen the unemployment problem in the urban centres.

Governments have too long been prone to take the easy way of tackling a big and dual problem by voting sums of money for direct relief, as a result of which the problem is no nearer to its solution than when it first reared its head several years ago and, in the meantime, millions of dollars have been expended and there is nothing to show for it.

Continuance of direct relief without exacting some return for the expenditure also creates a moral problem which will have to be solved and that is the loss of incentive to work even when it is available.

Fortunately the people of the west are keenly alive also to this aspect of the question and the demand for the substitution of work with wages for direct relief, or as the mayor of one western city recently put it, "rehabilitation instead of relief", is becoming more dominant every day.

People generally realize that if private capital is unable or unwilling or afraid to provide work that it must be done by the government at least until conditions in the West have improved to such an extent that industrial confidence is restored.

"I'm afraid you'll be late at the party," remarked an elderly lady to her granddaughter. "Oh, dear, grandma," said the girl, "I'm not late, I'm just on time." "Yes, sir," replied the waiter, under notice anyway, "but you will find it will take you a long time to eat it."

"This is a very small bit of chicken you have given me, waiter," complained the diner. "Yes, sir," replied the waiter, under notice anyway, "but you will find it will take you a long time to eat it."

So elastic is pure wool that in a laboratory test, a single fibre of it will stretch to 170 per cent of its original length and then snap back to normal.

An observer in a two-hour tour around London counted 56 people who were jumping over ladders, 41 women and 15 men.

THE YELLOW BRIAR

A Story of the Irish on the Canadian Coastlands

By PATRICK SLATER
By arrangement with Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto

CHAPTER VII.—Continued

Mrs. Marshall brought out Bob's pan of porridge. The dog wagged his long, tipped brush; but stood back, acting nervous and strangely distrustful. He had no intention of being tied up again.

"Well, Bob, you scoundrel, be off after the cows," said Marshall, as he stepped into the house for his breakfast.

The dog whined once or twice in a fretful, bethelred sort of way, and then trotted off round the front of the house.

Later that afternoon he was seen again, standing out in the lane. His coat was soiled; and he had the hungry, furtive look of a strange, tramp dog.

The Marshalls talked about him at the supper table.

"I don't know, Nancy," Mr. Marshall remarked in his quiet, hesitating sort of way, "the Brechons are coming out of dogs worrying their sheep. I have another dog around here the other day"—and the man paused at the ugly thought—"you don't think the two of them might not . . . I saw some suspicious stains on his . . ."

"Oh no!" Mrs. Marshall objected, "but Bob would not be doing the like of that."

It became apparent that evening that the collie was labouring under a distress of some kind. He was whining and whimpering, and running up and down the lane. Yet he made no attempt to approach him.

"That dog has gone clean out of his head," said Mrs. Marshall. "Not a sign of sense has he. You better chain him up, William."

"Just catch him for me and I will," her husband told her; and he swung himself into the saddle on old Gunpowder to ride back to find out what the dickens was keeping Paddy and the milk cows.

That was all about the worry of the worried dog. As Marshall turned the old man's head back, he saw the black shadow behind his head. His long, slim nose went up in the air; and he gave the long drawn, high-pitched cry the hills of Mono had heard of before. It was the wild, weird howl of a wretched calling his mates. Then Bob whined and ran toward the road.

"I think, Nancy, the dog wants me," said Marshall, "I'll be back for the milking."

And William Marshall trotted the old mare down the lane after the excited dog. It was a queer sight. The wigwags were uniting their flocks for the migration south. In the forest hands that native wild in the arms of the Great Lakes, the wild grapes were ripe; and beechnuts littered the ground. Dense clouds of the plump, plump, fluttering birds were in the air; and, swaying low down over the rider in a wild, reckless, whirling mass of life.

With every evidence of relief, Bob waited for the horseman at the lane gate; and the two of them trotted off the road together. Quite a ways down, a rough corduroy bridge crossed the trout creek; and beyond that point the dog trotted aside from the roadway, and followed a make rail fence that climbed up through a heavy wooded knoll. Marshall threw the reins over the horse's head and followed the dog. It was the late afternoon of a beautiful autumn day. The regular in the grove of old beech trees were chiding Bob for disturbing their industry among the beech and hickory nuts.

Marshall found the dog pulling and whining at some object that lay hidden behind a mound of great decaying log had made. For years, the dog's feet had padded down the black mud and packed it flat and firm as a beaten path.

No cows were milked at the Marshall farm that night. Yet, Bob had found his lad, but he had not him sleeping in a twilight that does not rise or set.

Edwards had pushed on quickly with the stolen team by way of Champio, and he was now on the border. In those days, all the desperate man needed was an extra

day or two to carry him 50 miles south to practical safety. It was another crime committed on the impulse of the moment. Charlie had seen a fat black squirrel on the make fence; and, grabbing one of the guns, had run over to take a shot at him. With the old gun, Edwards had followed for the fun of the thing. And there being no one by, the devil tempted the old man with the team of horses. As Charlie knelt to take aim, the man shot the boy's brains out.

It was indeed a terrible tragedy to the whole countryside; and neighbors and relations from far and near poured in to sympathize with the poor mother and family. I went around with William Marshall arranging to get the grave dug, and things like that. No one seemed to pay much attention to the father; because, between men, grief is always inarticulate. But he was the one I was sorry for. After the affair was all over, I found him one day sitting alone in the barn; and the old man was crying and weeping and haggard face. In a sort of an apologetic way, he took my hand in his and the two of us went and the straw together. We had a time, and it did us both a lot of good. The truth is William Marshall's heart was broken. The miserable man, Edwards, had destroyed two lives, that of the only son and that of his

It was a happening of the long ago; and a simple old man cannot rake the moonbeams playing on the waters of Fancy to give with convincing detail an account of a senseless and wanton tragedy that caused the death of two men and took for the moment that the Methodist God was in his heavens and attending to his business.

In the funeral sermon, Rev. Mr. Clarke got over this difficulty by talking for his text the resolute cry of the old man, who was so sorely afflicted: "Though He slay me, yet will I trust in Him; nevertheless I will maintain my own ways before Him." Job XLV. That text—and particularly the latter part of it—always seemed to me to express the attitude of the Methodist before wealth corrupted it. The Reverend C. M. Clarke was an ambitious young preacher, and an ambitious committee never gave him another preaching circuit. At the age of 28, black diphtheria promoted him from the hills of Mono to the way of all truth.

Oh! yes! they hanged Edwards; but it was an atrocious piece of law made out of its part of the killing on that occasion. The hangman had too much slack on his rope; and, in the end, the law was caught under the felon's arm. Edwards' body dangled there until the hangman himself found the rope and loosened the hitch to let the noose get a proper choke on the man's neck. The law was hanging by a single thread, and the tragedy was added to the weight of it.

A grain dust will spoil the working of the finest watch a craftsman ever made. And why not admit that, on a sudden impulse, the law was sprung from the brain of mercy? It is nothing about the playing mercy of God that stays the horrible impulses that surge, one after another, through the brain of every-moment and sinner. He is a brave man who frankly examines his soul in the light of the law, and verges," he'll find there, "the characters of hell to trace." Oh, yes! what shows above the surface may be as bright as a gleaming iceberg in the sun of general approbation; but three-quarters of the mass lies below in dark, surging, treacherous waters. And man kills the things he loves in diverse ways other than by the shedding of blood. In the pale moonlight, the soul of every man swings in clanking chains on a gallows tree.

I confess to Almighty God, to blessed Mary, ever Virgin, to blessed Michael the Archangel, to the holy Apostles Peter and Paul, and to all the Saints, that I have sinned exceedingly in thought, word, and deed. Through my fault, through my fault, through my fault, therefore I beseech blessed Mary, ever Virgin, blessed Michael the Archangel, blessed Peter and Paul, and all the Saints, to pray to the Lord our God for me.

May the Almighty God have mercy on me, forgive my sins and bring me to everlasting life.

May the Almighty and merciful Lord grant me perfect consolation and admission of all my sins. Amen.

CHAPTER IX.

The seasons press upon the farmer with its special throng of work, and do not let to give simple country herds the time to give.

The Big Tree of California—Sequoia gigantea—largest of living trees, produces cone two to three inches in length, each carrying about 200 seeds.

the winter labor of teaming the grain out to market. The crop on the Marshall farm that season had yielded 1,500 bushels of flat wheat of high milling quality; and, as a result of the road conditions, this grain was hauled down the 6th line and stored till the spring in Isaac Chaffee's warehouse at Tullahoma.

On a farm, in those days, it was usually the boss himself who hauled his grain to market. The rest of it made a biggedly-piggish job of it, cleaning and sacking the wheat that another hand might be ready by the time his returning sleighs thumped up the lane. In the cold, busy, snowy glare before the dawn on a starry night, Mr. Marshall would bundle himself up in fur coat and blankets, and again head a fresh team on the eighteen mile lug. I assisted matters by taking a part of his load over the hill's north end of the road where the going was specially heavy. It was for the purpose of this three-mile lift, it was necessary, of course, to bettle the tired, sleeping team yesterday out of their comfortable dreams of mountains of hay and oats and of pleasant valleys where the sweet and tender blue grass grows. Owing to my trip being a short one I was careless about wrapping myself up snugly, and I often came back with half-frozen fingers. (To Be Continued)

Religion And Health

Right Living Tends To Result In A Sound Body

Paul, Spicars, Emerson and Robert Louis Stevenson are examples who greatly achieved in spite of ill-health are cited by Rev. Peter Bryce, D.D., Moderator for the United Church of Canada, in "Health," the magazine of the Health League of Canada. Dr. Bryce also mentions the "amazing evangelist of the slums of Japan, who ignores his disease and works incessantly."

But for the multitude that is in connection between health and religion, according to this eminent physician, "the text of the text is often the necessary preliminary to religious living," and he gives examples to prove the argument. Commonly, he points out that a religious life makes for health. "Many of the modern diseases," writes Dr. Bryce, "are traceable to vicious living, that is utterly irreligious. The plagues of history were in many cases due to wickedness and selfishness. There is an increasing intelligence that is perceiving the connection between a life that obeys the laws of God and the consequent health of body and mind. The Christian religion seeks wholeness in the lives of its followers. It does not wait one part of the life above another."

"The Christians in Theosophical received a letter from Paul in which he had written 'May God be true who gives peace make you entirely holy; and may your spirit, soul and body be preserved complete and be found blameless.' That is the aim of the Christian faith—holiness, healthfulness, wholeness of the life. The Greek physician, Hippocrates, and the heathen ones became his followers. He taught the way of wholeness of the body, mind and soul. It went out to do heroic things, strong in body, strong in courage and patience, and achievers of great things for the world. The religion of Jesus Christ makes for the health of those who live it."

Weighing The Earth

New Type Of Pendulum Used By American Scientist

An American scientist has now invented a new type of pendulum for calculating the weight of the earth, and his latest figure puts the weight at 6,574,000,000,000,000,000 tons. The pendulum consists of four small balls of platinum fixed on the corners of a square and mounted on a frame so that they can rotate. Mounted outside are two larger balls, also made of platinum, and when the frame is spinning it gives index figures from which the earth's weight can be calculated.

So delicate is the apparatus that it is upset if anyone walks around the laboratory in which it is housed. It can only be used late at night when street traffic vibration is at a minimum.—Pearson's Weekly.

Knows What It Means

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt knows what it means to be at a loss for words. The words were lost—literally. A single sheet of her manuscript was missing when the president's wife, who was broadcasting, turned to page nine. She became, temporarily speechless. Then the president, turned on smoothly once more. Some body rushed over another page nine.

The Big Tree of California—Sequoia gigantea—largest of living trees, produces cone two to three inches in length, each carrying about 200 seeds.

Romance Of The North

Canada's Governor-General Takes Mackenzie River Trip To The Arctic

There is an element of romance in all great rivers. River beacons to be avary; to float placidly into new climates; to taste the adventures of the unknown. It was the lure of the great St. Lawrence which led the early explorers of the French regime into the heart of Canada. It was the promise of the Nelson which opened a way for the Selkirk settlers more than a century ago into the center of the continent. By the Pacific sea the broad mouth of the Fraser opened a brief highway into the gates of the Rockies. And in the far north, the Mackenzie, most placid and most majestic of them all, has held for ages the secrets of the silent land through which it flows.

Perhaps it is something of this romantic element which has induced His Excellency Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada, a man associated with romance in his literary life as well as with administration and the problems of government, to select the Mackenzie River trip from Inuvik to the Arctic as one of the outstanding events of his 1937 program. Leaving Edmonton His Excellency will travel by rail to the head of water navigation, where he will take boat at Waterways, Alberta, the terminus of the Northern Alberta Railway, and from that point the entire downstream trip of 1,600 miles will be made through the heart of the great Mackenzie and its tributaries. The return trip will be made by air in one of the Canadian Air Force machines, and if weather and other conditions permit the Governor-General will depart from the direct route to visit the Great Bear Lake area, which in recent years has become famous as a source of radium, and in which mining operations for gold, silver and other by-products are conducted on an extensive scale.

Seeking Common Title

Movement Started To Address All Women As Madam

A movement to abolish the title of "Mrs." for women, and to address them all as "Madam," has been started in London. The originator of the idea is Mrs. Petrick-Lawrence, wife of the Socialist M.P. for West Leicestershire. She was a leader of the suffragette movement in its early days. The terms "Mrs." and "Miss" are unnecessary, she feels because bachelor husbands who scorn marriage for careers see no reason why they should address their single state when they are married. The terms "Mrs." and "Miss" are unnecessary, she feels because bachelor husbands who scorn marriage for careers see no reason why they should address their single state when they are married. The terms "Mrs." and "Miss" are unnecessary, she feels because bachelor husbands who scorn marriage for careers see no reason why they should address their single state when they are married.

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A strong supporter of her view is Miss A. M. Pierotti, assistant secretary of the National Union of Women Teachers. It would save a lot of trouble, she has stated in an interview, if women could find some common title equivalent to Mr.

To Replace The Daisy

Doctor Believes New Gadget Will Tell People's Thoughts

According to the Literary Digest Dr. Phillips Thomas of Pittsburgh, research engineer, believes he has solved the problem of love. He has a new gadget which will replace daisies in the age-old "She loves me—she loves me not" pluckoff. "In the near future," he said, "we may be able to capture and interpret the square wave of the brain and thoughts through electrical impulses. Every thought that flashes through the human mind or even the slightest mental or physical movement has a meaning, so far as its interpretation by electricity is concerned."

A Gigantic Skull

Will Be Exhibited At New York World's Fair

One of the most gruesome but enlightening features of the New York World's Fair will be a gigantic model of a skull, large enough for exploratory parties to walk through and gain knowledge of their intracranial anatomy. Visitors will be able to readily do so, and see just how they are embedded in the jaws. An other exhibit being plotted by the geniuses of the fair is a model of a human eye into which curious citizens may walk and produce pupillary contractions and expansions by looking on several Literary Digest.

As distinguished from the square inch, a circular inch is the area of a circle one inch in diameter. Targon can swim at a speed of 80 miles an hour.

2 EXTRA CORD PILES under the tread AT NO EXTRA COST

Extra values at no extra cost . . . that is your positive guarantee when you buy Firestone Tires. Among these are Firestone's 2 Extra Cord Piles under the tread that bind the tread and body into an elastic inseparable unit making it safe at any speed. You pay nothing for this extra feature that gives you extra safety and extra mileage.

Get the most for your money. Firestone Tires do not cost one cent more than ordinary tires. Have the nearest Firestone Dealer replace your tires today. Specify Firestone tires as original equipment when buying a new car.

LOW PRICED TIRES

No matter how little you can afford to pay for a tire to the Firestone Dealer first. He has a genuine Firestone tire to suit every purse that will give you the safest lowest cost mileage.

Firestone GUM-DIPPED TIRES "MOST MILES PER DOLLAR"

A Scheme That Worked

Neek-Looking Man Knew How To Handle British Colonel

A typical, peppy old colonel, home from India, decided to walk down to the local hotel for a drink before going to bed. He called for a double whisky and joined the company in the saloon bar. Before very long a neek-looking little man called to the landlady to have the empty glasses removed. "Take away the empty glasses," he called. "They're like the British Army."

This was too much for the soldier. Jumping up, he demanded an explanation and an immediate apology for his insult. "Things looked bad for the little man."

However, with a smile the officer faced the colonel. "There was no insult," he said calmly. "I said those empty glasses were like the British Army. So they are. They have done their duty and they're ready to go to bed again."

The colonel hastily paid for the next round.—The Legionary.

A new machine that holds broken arms and legs while plaster casts are being applied is asserted to insure more accurate setting of bones than possible with other methods.

Eggs use bits of green twigs to decorate the rim of their nest. When the color fades, fresh twigs are laid on.

TRY THIS NEW WAXED TISSUE PACK

YOU'll be delighted with the simplicity of Presto-Pack—the fast pack of Waxed Paper Pack— as you require one sheet of tissue any time. Because you can't pull it out. Presto-Pack pulls. You'll find it the handiest thing in the kitchen.

Appleford Paper Products Limited Hamilton, Ontario

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The Champion Chronicle

C. A. Marshall
Publisher

Thursday, July 29th, 1937

Hail, drought and other causes take their toll of the farmer's crop every year. In some part of the country. These losses are unavoidable, and in many cases no insurance is carried owing to the lack of funds and there is nothing the farmer can do, but take a chance for better, or for worse.

What is needed today is some concrete insurance plan that will protect the farmer against hail, grasshoppers, drought, and all other forms of crop losses.

Farmers cannot be expected to carry on every year taking the losses they have in recent years without some revenue to carry them over into another crop year.

A small levy spread over the province would give the desired protection, and would not be any burden to the farmers themselves.

In this country where we all depend on the farmer, we must first put the farmer in a position where he can have a fighting chance.

We cannot expect prosperity in any large measure until the farmer is placed in a position where he can at least have some revenue coming in even if he has been unfortunate enough to lose his crop.

Hard times naturally follow those who have been dragged down year after year with crop losses, shutting off their source of revenue and causing untold grief.

Some years ago a big per cent of the farmers were in a position to help themselves to a certain measure of relief, but in recent years this surplus has disappeared and some other form of assistance must be inaugurated that will give the farmer a guarantee against any losses to his crop.

Prices are the chief things by which the public knows the oil industry and they are the least understood perhaps by the oil men themselves.

Prices have been low and have been used as the cause of legislative and legal investigations of the oil industry, and of course, the well within the industry. No other industry has had its prices and methods and family roes so well ventilated in investigations and court actions as the oil industry.

Strange as it may seem to those who may be the chief critics of the industry, oil prices from the well to the consumer, are fixed almost wholly by one factor, namely, competition—just as they are in practically every other business under the sun. Then, of course, other factors which have varying influences on price fluctuations.

But the fact remains that people in Canada and the United States are fortunate in being able to purchase their oil fuel at figures lower than any other part of the world. Auto travel is cheaper because of cheap gasoline. At a time for instance when gasoline was 17.5 cents per gallon in St. Louis, in Minneapolis it was 51.4 cents in Paris, 53 cents in Berlin, 31 cents in London, England, where volume and many times any Canadian centre, 47 cents in Warsaw, and 171 cents plus tax in Montreal. All prices are governed by the world price of crude oil. Art. B.1.

ESTIMATE OF ALBERTA'S
1937 CROP

R. O. Cromwell, United States crop observer, has been touring Western Canada lately, looking over the crops. Considering the recent rainfall he calculates that with average weather until harvest the west can produce 172 million bushels of wheat, allocated as follows:

Alberta 71,000,000 bushels
Sask. 59,000,000 bushels
Man. 42,000,000 bushels
172,000,000 bushels

Dr. DAVID NICOL

DENTAL SURGEON
In Champion Friday onlyCarmangay News
NORTH PRISCILLA CLUB
VISITS WATERTON LAKES

By Mrs. ROY BURNS

The day was calm and still, on July 2nd, 1937, when the North Priscilla Club of Carmangay started on a trip to Waterton Lakes.

The bright sun shone in a sky as blue as the sea. Over towards the west, fleecy white clouds blended with the blue horizon. We left John Nelson's farm at eight o'clock in the morning and reached Lethbridge about nine thirty. We stopped in Lethbridge about an hour and a half, and then took the highway to Cardston. The first town we came to was Magrath. They have irrigation here and the crops were lovely and green. From Magrath we went on to Cardston, and reached there about a quarter to twelve.

Cardston is a very pretty little town. It is built in a little valley that slopes up to hills, both east and west. One can not see the town until west, fleecy white clouds blended with the blue horizon. The town is almost surrounded by a sheltering growth of trees. The people of Cardston were celebrating the centennial of the town. The streets were decorated with flags and sparkling ornaments which fluttered and tinkled in the breeze.

Several tents were erected, where the Indians stayed. Young bucks on horseback, and squaws with brightly colored shawls and hats.

After the other cars drove up, we all went down to the automobile parking place and looked around for a place to prepare dinner, as we were all famished.

Just before reaching the auto camp Ray Teskey had a flat tire. Ray and Lettie Teskey decided to go up town and buy the coffee. They were soon back with two steaming cups of coffee, and well enjoyed a delicious lunch.

After lunch we drove up to see the great Mormon Temple. This gorgeous structure is called the million dollar temple. It is built of granite and marble and its majestic walls rise in steep, white cliffs polished like ice. The building is surrounded by beautiful walks and gardens. The walks are bordered with green lawns which look like velvet carpets. In the corners close up to the building, blue spruce trees are growing, which seem to be almost a silvery blue, as they sparkle in the golden sunshine. Here and there the walls are covered with Virginia creeper, making them look very beautiful. The flower gardens are gorgeous, a beautiful array of colors, as they lift up their petals to be kissed by the breeze. There were bachelor buttons, roses, peonies, snapdragons, pansies, columbines, spires, delphiniums, geraniums, rose buds, lilies, tulips, marigolds, zinnias and asters.

After looking over the temple grounds, we started on our way to see the beautiful The Great Falls. We stopped to watch the stampede for awhile. They were having horse races and other stampede events.

Then we continued our journey until we came to the Belly river. The place was very pretty, and we stopped to view the scenery. The river was running very swiftly and was riley and murky. Surrounding the creek the grass was thick and green, sprinkled with a profusion of wild flowers of every color.

It was five thirty when we arrived at Waterton all tired, but happy. The cottage we had rented was built in the midst of the tall stately jack pines.

We made a hurry up supper, all being tired, then after supper, all went for a stroll to Cameron falls. It was a lovely walk, with the tall Jack pines all around, and the towering mountain peaks overhead which seemed to guard and shelter the town. Such a profusion of wild flowers, and were they gorgeous. Some of them were yellow daisies, hyacinths, Indian plinks, vetch and pasque flower.

Returning to the cottage, we drew lots to see who was to work together, two each day. The day having been a strenuous one, we retired early. In a few minutes all was quiet, except for the rush of the wind in the pines, intermingled with the roar of Cameron falls, a slow rushing, rushing sound increasing in volume, and then moving away in the distance, like some lonely lost soul. One could smell the scent of the pines and the wild flowers as the breeze wafted through the open door way.

Naturday morning, July 3rd, about seven o'clock, first one and then another woke up, all refreshed even if we hadn't slept so well.

CONTINUED NEXT WEEK

Mrs. R. Bond entertained a number of ladies at tea on Tuesday when her guests included, Madames F. Clever, W. A. McIntyre, J. D. Henderson, L. Price, B. Anderson, J. Walker, T. Ashmore, G. L. Dupie and F. Caldwell.

G. K. McLean returned Wednesday from Smooth Rock, Ont. where he spent a few days of business. He found Mrs. C. McLean and Miss Elsie McLean enjoying their holidays to the utmost. They will return to Champion during the second week in August.

Harry Higgins and Miss H. Higgins returned recently from a holiday spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Versluis at Falun, Alberta.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Anderson accompanied by Mrs. J. Muir, Miss Ada Williamson and G. Hargraves were Calgary visitors Wednesday.

CAR LICENSES PASS THE
MILLION DOLLAR MARK

Revenue in excess of \$1,000,000 was gathered by the provincial government from passenger car licenses in the two month period which ended on May 31, according to figures released by H. H. Evans, C. Manning, provincial secretary.

The actual revenue for April and May from the auto licenses was \$1,040,075 as against \$844,031 for the first five months of the 1936 calendar year from January to May inclusive. Last year, it was decided to change the motor license year correspond with the province's fiscal year, and not with the calendar year.

It is pointed out that there may be a small decrease from the actual revenue figures this year on account of the rebate on license plates turned in to the government by January 1 next.

Motor trucks contributed revenue of \$277,758 in April and May as against \$275,185 for the first five months of last year.

It is estimated that the change in the license year is the cause of the increased revenue. Truck owners will receive the same rebate of 20 per cent, as passenger car owners if they turn in their plates at the end of the current calendar year.

SANFORD HORSES
WINNERS AT
RED DEER

The M. G. Sanford horses made a fine showing at the Red Deer Exhibition winning the six furlong flat race and the Red Deer derby event. Mr. Sanford was presented with a silver cup by the highest award in the racing events. Rider Kenneth Outts.

Property owners who know the value of dependable insurance thoughtfully applied, and at a fair price, know this agency, and make use of it.

SEE

G. K. McLEAN
Insurance Agency
PHONE 7
Champion, Alta.

Maxwell's Barber
Shop and Beauty
-Parlor-
Permanent Waving

FIRST-CLASS WORK

Champion, Alberta

Carmangay News

Nurse Rachel is away on her holidays.

Mrs. Archie Dobson and little daughter of Stavelay is visiting her sister, Mrs. Sid Collier.

Rev. Dawson and Rev. Han sell addressed a meeting at Plainfield last Friday.

Lottie McKay, who has been on the Telephone staff for the past nine years has resigned.

Walter McKay has a position as foreman of the road work near Parkland.

B. D. Hummer returned on Thursday from his month's holiday in B. C.

Wyman Parker and Harold Dayman, in the car that they had made over, left Monday for a trip into B. C.

Mrs. Mart Low was operated on in the Holy Cross hospital, Calgary on Friday. Floyd Low went up on Saturday to see his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter McKay, Miss Lottie and Stanley and their guests from Ontario, spent Sunday at Coalhurst, visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Donnell.

Harry McDonald with his friend, W. K. Hyslop of Lethbridge, France were in town last Friday after looking over some cars in the east in which they are interested in. It has been a long time since Mr. Hyslop was here. He is with the Massey-Harris Co. in France.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Glendening, west Carmangay were honored Thursday evening when a number of their friends dropped in on them to wish Mrs. Glendening many happy returns of her birthday, July 15th, where an enjoyable evening was spent in games and dancing. A delicious lunch was enjoyed by all.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Webster and Vern of Trail, B. C. visited friends in the district here last week.

A party was held in their honor Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Vilas Teskey at which about twenty-five were present. Lane Messenger who was staying at Jim Bowman's was able to return to Champion with them as they went home Monday.

John McIntosh of Granum died while returning home after visiting his sister, Mrs. M. McLaren. Tire trouble and punctures beset him shortly after leaving his sister, and it is believed the exertion affected his heart. Travelling with him was his wife and daughter and two friends. It was his daughter who noticed something was wrong when the car began swerving across the road, she managed to bring it to a stop. A doctor was notified from a neighbor's house where he was taken, but he had passed away. The funeral was held in Granum Friday.

HOSPITAL NOTES

Helen Lyon of Barons was operated on for appendicitis.

Mrs. Joe Fraser, appendicitis. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Len Copeland of Barons, on Monday, July 26th, twins, son and daughter.

Edward Gustafson, of Vale, fractured leg.

Mr. Beasley of Barons, discharged.

Mr. Barwell, discharged.

CHAMPION PATIENTS

Mrs. S. Fath, a patient.

Irwin Smith and Ross Ashmore, tonsil cases.

Mrs. A. Davies, discharged.

FOR SALE

One 10 ft. McCormick Dorring Combine, slightly used and in running order. Apply to W. E. Watkins. Phone 902 Champion.

CHAMPION
GROCETERIA

Golden Bantam Corn, 2 for	25c
Small tins of tomatoes, 2 for	25c
3 lb. jar of Nabob Coffee	\$1.45
Old Country Marmalade	60c
5 lb. package of Prunes	65c
2 tins of Mac's Best Ketchup	25c
Barely's Sliced Pineapple 2 tins for	25c
New Potatoes 7 lbs. for	25c
Small tin of Dick Pickles	25c

Fresh Watermelon, Cukes, Cherries, Apples etc.

E. LATIFF

Phone 14

BASEBALL
CHATTER

At Picture Butte last Friday evening the Champion nine were defeated by one run, 4-3.

Champion looked like the winners as they opened up the first innings with some real snappy plays. A. Latiff reached first followed by F. Bouzyan with a three-bagger, and scoring Latiff, and then scored on an infield sacrifice by Pondergast. The score was 3-0 in favor of the local nine in the third, when Picture Butte came from behind and scored two. The score now stood 3-2 for Champion until the last half of the eighth, when Paul of Picture Butte connected with the pill and reached second to score Watson, and finally scored on Pollock's single. Bouzyan and Paul were in the limelight throughout the game. The first half of the ninth was scoreless and the game called.

Playing a league game at Stavelay on Sunday afternoon, the Champion baseball club added another victory to their league fixtures, when they scored a 13-10 win. The ball played was rugged. Walker pitched for Champion and Beatty for Stavelay.

The second last game of the Foothills Baseball league schedule was played here Wednesday evening before a good crowd of fans. The score of 5-2 gave Champion their sixth victory in the league fixture with one loss. One game remains to be played at Blackie on Sunday.

Champion players chalked up the first run in the encounter when they scored on a single by A. Latiff and a triple by E. Latiff, in the first inning. In the second Champion got around twice on an single by Hagg, a single by Urquhart and

a single by A. Latiff, the latter scoring on an infield error.

Again in the third Champion added two runs when Beatty and Walker scored on two singles and a fielding error.

Going into the fourth Nanton suddenly came to life and bunching their hits scored McKenzie and Kitchen.

Both teams remained scoreless for the remainder of the game. Champion garnered 8 hits off Stoba, while Walker allowed six.

Some outstanding fielding was displayed during the game. Hagg on second fielding banded to put a man out at first and Fath in right field, handling a fly on the run and banded.

This victory puts Champion well in front of the league, having been defeated only once by Blackie.

HARVEST
PRELIMINARIES

Real activity prevails in the district as farmers are hauling out their combines and binders to have their annual inspection before launching forth into the fields for the beginning of another harvest.

Some real nice stands of grain can be seen in the immediate district to Champion, also many acres not so good, but will yield a much larger average than anticipated.

Harvest will be in full swing in about ten days.

The old farmer has already started cutting on some of the early grains.

PERSONAL

MEN: GET VIGOR AT ONCE! REAL OXYGEN Tonic Tablets contains ray oyster invigorators and other stimulants. One dose pepes up organs, glands. If not delighted, make refunds. Price paid—\$1.25. Call, write Champion Pharmacy.

CARMANGAY THEATRE

WILL ROGERS

IN

"DR. BULL"

Friday July, 30th. at 8:30 p.m.

Sunday evening at 5:30. Mr. Calvert supplying the comments on the music. Mr. Calvert is the organist of the Episcopal church in Elbow Park.

Foothills Baseball
League Schedule

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4th
Blackie at Little Chicago.
Nanton at Stavelay.
High River at Champion.
All games to be played next Thurs 6:30 p.m.